## Total number of pilgrims was 926,062 in 1443AH/2022

The total number of internal and external pilgrims reached 926,062 pilgrims in 2022. The percentage of external pilgrims reached 84.4% of the total pilgrims, with 781,409 pilgrims, who came through various ports, while the percentage of internal pilgrims reached 15.6% with 144,653 pilgrims. The results also showed that the number of internal male pilgrims reached 77,776 pilgrims, and females 66,877. The number of external male pilgrims reached 421,999 and females 359,41.

### Relative distribution of external pilgrims by ways of arrival

The percentage of pilgrims arriving to Saudi Arabia via air transport reached 94.7% of the total number of pilgrims, while land transport constituted 4.5%, and sea transport recorded the lowest percentage by 0.8%. Figure (1)

### **Beneficiaries of Makkah Route Initiative**

The number of beneficiary countries of Makkah Route initiative was 5 countries, while the number of beneficiaries reached 98,826 pilgrims. Pilgrims from Bangladesh recorded the highest percentage by 45.9% of the total number of beneficiaries. Travel procedures have been completed, health requirements have been verified, and luggage have been transported from their countries to their place of residence directly. Figure (2)

#### Average length of stay of External pilgrims

The results showed that the average number of days external pilgrims spent in Saudi Arabia was 30 days, during which they moved between Makkah and Madinah during Hajj season, which began on 1/11/1443 and ended on 1/15/1444 AH.

# Labor force

Statistics indicated that the number of labor force participating in serving pilgrims exceeded 236,000 male and female employees. The number of labor force in the general services sector was 73,556, in the medical services sector 26,392, and in the transportation services sector 19,421, while the total labor force in the communications sector reached 3,728 workers.

#### **Medical services**

The number of medical facilities and teams inside Makkah, Madinah, and the holy sites reached 900 medical facilities and teams, to provide emergency and hospitalization services to more than 22 thousand pilgrims. Cardiac catheterization, dialysis and other surgical operations were also provided to more than 1,904 pilgrims. Vaccination campaigns were implemented for pilgrims and workers in various groups and the population of Makkah and Madinah, a total of 120,423 medical vaccines. Figure (3)

## Dawah and guidance services

Register-based data of the Ministry of Islamic Affairs, Dawah and Guidance indicated that the number of awareness activities implemented was more than 55 thousand and the number of awareness publications and pamphlets was more than 798 thousand, which were distributed in the ports, cities and Miqat of pilgrims.

# Hady and Adahi (Hajj meat)

The number of sacrificed animals under the supervision of the Islamic Development Bank reached 443,102 through 6 slaughterhouses in the holy sites. Al Moaisem slaughterhouse (1) topped the list of slaughterhouses with the most sacrificed animals, a rate of 34.5% compared to the rest of other slaughterhouses. The number of butchers working in all slaughterhouses reached 7,246, and the number of veterinarians and forensic science students concerned with examining livestock was 875

Table 1. Number of pilgrims in 1443AH/2022

Pilgrims	Number		
	Male	Female	Total
Total number of internal pilgrims	77,776	66,877	144,653
Total number of external pilgrims	421,999	359,410	781,409
Total number of pilgrims	499,775	426,287	926,062

Source: Table

Figure 1. Relative distribution of external pilgrims by way of arrival

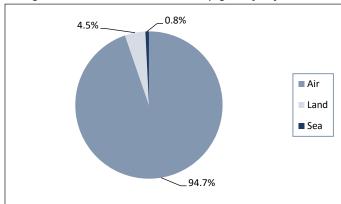


Figure 2. Number of beneficiaries of Makkah Route Initiative

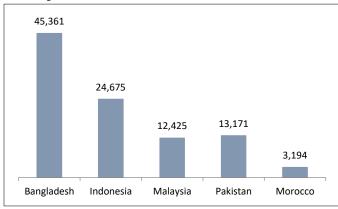
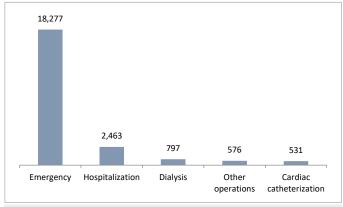


Figure 3. Number of pilgrims benefiting from medical services



### **Reference Metadata**

Hajj statistics reflect the number of pilgrims, their detailed characteristics, and the services provided within the temporal and spatial range of pilgrims based on administrative records in government entities. Data were collected, analyzed, and classified according to the statistical work procedures followed in the General Authority for Statistics .Reference Metadata